



SUMMATIVE ASSIGNMENT - II (2022-23)

Grade – 4

Subject- Maths

Syllabus – Ch - 8, 9, 11, 12, 13 and 14

FROM TEXT BOOK

Section - A

Q1. Multiple choice questions -

- The total length of the boundary of the circle is its?
a. Chord b. Square c. Diameter d. **Circumference**
- All line segments drawn from the center of a circle to a point on the circle, are called _____
a. Chord b. Center c. Diameter d. **Radius**
- After dividing a number, the leftover is called _____.
a. **Remainder** b. Quotient c. Dividend d. Divisor
- $25 \div 5$ Quotient = _____.
a. 3 b. 2 c. **5** d. 6
- _____ of a circle are of equal lengths.
a. **Radii** b. Chord c. Centre d. Circumference
- $11 \times$ _____ = 77.
a. 9 b. 6 c. 10 d. **7**
- 1 kilogram = _____ gram.
a. 100 b. 10 c. **1000** d. 10000
- Radius = _____ / 2.
a. **Diameter** b. Radius c. Chord d. Fixed point
- $14 \times 20 =$ _____.
a. 120 b. **280** c. 200 d. 820
- $126 \times$ _____ = 12600.
a. 10 b. 1 c. 1000 d. **100**
- The weight of an apple will be
a. 15kg b. 1500kg c. **150g** d. 1500g
- Three quarter means _____.
a. $\frac{2}{4}$ b. $\frac{3}{2}$ c. $\frac{3}{4}$ d. $\frac{1}{4}$
- The weight of a Candy will be
a. **25g** b. 250kg c. 2500g d. 25000g
- Half means 1 part out of _____.
a. **2** b. 0 c. 1 d. 3
- Which of the following is heavier? A mobile or bike.
a. mobile b. **bike** c. both d. None
- Formula of Area of a rectangle = _____.
a. $l \times l$ b. $4 \times l$ c. **$l \times b$** d. $2(l + b)$
- How many 5 rupees coins are there in ₹1650?
a. 320 b. **330** c. 340 d. 350
- Each diameter is formed of two _____.
a. **Radii** b. Diameter c. Chord d. Circumference
- In $\frac{3}{8}$, _____ is the numerator.
a. 4 b. 2 c. 8 d. **3**

20. In $\frac{6}{9}$, _____ is the denominator.

- a. **9** b. 6 c. 7 d. 15

21. A bus has 60 seats. 40 seats are vacant. How many seats are already occupied?

- a. $60 + 40$ b. $60 \div 40$ c. 60×40 d. **$60 - 40$**

22. A circle is formed by a

- a. Straight line b. **Curved line** c. zig-zig line d. None of these

23. 3 kg 150g = _____g.

- a. 30150g b. 3050g c. **3150g** d. 31500g

24. 10 kg = _____g.

- a. **10000g** b. 1000g c. 100000g d. 10g

25. The length of the boundary surrounded a shape is called _____

- a. Area b. Circle c. **Perimeter** d. triangle

Section – B

Q2. Subtraction of like fractions -

a) $\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{5}$

$$= \frac{2-1}{5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}$$

b) $\frac{3}{6} - \frac{1}{6} =$

$$= \frac{3-1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{2}{6}$$

c) $\frac{7}{11} - \frac{5}{11} = \frac{7-5}{11} = \frac{2}{11}$

d) $\frac{7}{12} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{7-1}{12} = \frac{6}{12}$

e) $\frac{9}{10} - \frac{4}{10} = \frac{9-4}{10} = \frac{5}{10}$

f) $\frac{2}{4} - \frac{1}{4} =$

g) $\frac{3}{3} - \frac{2}{3} =$

h) $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{5} =$

Q3. Define:-

- a) **Perimeter** – The total length of all the line segments of a closed figure is called its perimeter.
- b) **Area** – The region enclosed between boundaries of a figure.
- c) **Circle** -A circle is a round shaped figure that has no corners or edges.
- d) **Chord** -A chord is a line segment joining any two points on the circle.
- e) **Diameter** - The longest chord which pass through the centre is called diameter.
- f) **Radius** -The line segment joining the centre of the circle to any point on the circle is called the radius of the circle.
- g) **Centre** - The fixed point is called the centre of the circle.
- h) **Fraction:** A fraction is a small part or proportion of something.
- i) **Numerator** - Number written above the line in a fraction is called numerator.
- j) **Denominator** - Number written below the line in a fraction is called denominator.

Q4. Convert Kilograms into grams -

- a) **33kg 450g** = 33 kg x 1000 + 450 g
= 33000 g + 450 g
= 33450 g
- b) **54kg 230g** = 54 kg x 1000 + 230 g
= 54000 g + 230 g
= 54230 g
- c) **11kg 220g** = 11 kg x 1000 + 220 g
= 11000 g + 220 g
= 11220 g
- d) **17kg 110g** = 17 kg x 1000 + 110 g
= 17000 g + 110 g
= 17110 g
- e) **28kg 100g** =
- f) **19kg 263g** =
- g) **16kg 173g** =

Q5. Find the perimeter -

- 1) **Side = 26 cm**

Solve - Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$
= $4 \times 26 \text{ cm}$
= 104 cm

2) Side = 55 cm

Solve - Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$
 $= 4 \times 55 \text{ cm}$
 $= 220 \text{ cm}$

3) Side = 11 cm

Solve - Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$
 $= 4 \times 11 \text{ cm}$
 $= 44 \text{ cm}$

4) Length = 10 cm and Breadth = 5 cm

Solve - Perimeter of rectangle = $2 (L + B)$
 $= 2 (10\text{cm} + 5\text{cm})$
 $= 2 \times 15\text{cm}$
 $= 30\text{cm}.$

5) Length = 17 m and breadth = 13 m

Solve - Perimeter of rectangle = $2 (L + B)$
 $= 2 (17 \text{ cm} + 13 \text{ cm})$
 $= 2 \times 30 \text{ cm}$
 $= 60 \text{ cm}.$

6) Length = 15 cm , breadth = 5 cm

Solve - Perimeter of rectangle = $2 (L + B)$
 $= 2 (15 \text{ cm} + 5 \text{ cm})$
 $= 2 \times 20 \text{ cm}$
 $= 40 \text{ cm}.$

7) Length = 22 m , breadth = 14 m

Solve - Perimeter of rectangle = $2 (L + B)$
 $= 2 (22 \text{ cm} + 14 \text{ cm})$
 $= 2 \times 36 \text{ cm}$
 $= 72 \text{ cm}.$

8) Side = 19 m

9) Side = 10 m

10) Length = 12 m ,breadth = 8 m

11) Length = 16 m ,breadth = 7 m

Q6. Division sums –

1) $28 \div 2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 2 \overline{) 28} \\ \underline{-2} \\ 08 \\ \underline{-8} \\ 00 \end{array}$$

2) $66 \div 6$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 6 \overline{) 66} \\ \underline{-6} \\ 06 \\ \underline{-6} \\ 00 \end{array}$$

3) $96 \div 8$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 8 \overline{) 96} \\ \underline{-8} \\ 16 \\ \underline{-16} \\ 00 \end{array}$$

4) $323 \div 19$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 19 \overline{) 323} \\ \underline{-19} \\ 133 \\ \underline{-133} \\ 000 \end{array}$$

5) $110 \div 10$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 10 \overline{) 110} \\ \underline{-10} \\ 10 \\ \underline{-10} \\ 00 \end{array}$$

- 6) $238 \div 8$
7) $238 \div 14$
8) $352 \div 16$

- 9) $260 \div 20$
10) $276 \div 12$
11) $198 \div 18$

Q7. Find the area -

1) Side = 10 m

Solve – Area of square = Side x Side
= 10 m x 10 m
= 100 sq. m

2) Side = 15 cm

Solve – Area of square = Side x Side
= 15 cm x 15 cm
= 225 sq. cm

3) Side = 16 m

Solve – Area of square = Side x Side
= 16 m x 16 m
= 256 sq. m

4) Side = 50 m

Solve – Area of square = Side x Side
= 50 m x 50 m
= 2500 sq. m

5) Length = 12 cm, Breadth = 6 cm

Solve – Area of rectangle = $l \times b$
= 12 cm x 6 cm
= 72 sq.cm

6) Length = 20 cm, Breadth = 11 cm

Solve – Area of rectangle = $l \times b$
= 20 cm x 11 cm
= 220 sq.cm

7) Length = 18 m, Breadth = 13 m

Solve – Area of rectangle = $l \times b$
= 18 m x 13 m
= 234 sq.m

8) Length = 22 m , breadth = 19 m

Solve – Area of rectangle = $l \times b$
 $= 22 \text{ m} \times 19 \text{ m}$
 $= 418 \text{ sq.m}$

9) Side = 12 m

10) Side = 30 cm

11) Length = 17 m , breadth = 9 m

12) Length = 21 cm , breadth = 10 cm

Section – C

Q8. Word problems-

1) There are 60 blocks and $\frac{3}{4}$ of them are green in colour. How many blocks are green?

Solve - Total blocks = 60

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{4} \text{ of them are green} &= 60 \times \frac{3}{4} \\ &= 15 \times 3 \\ &= 45 \end{aligned}$$

Blocks are green = 45

2) Anita counted 12 students in the choir. Three quarters of the students have brown hair. How many students in the choir have brown hair?

Solve -Total students = 12

$$\text{Three quarter} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{Three quarter of students have brown hair} = 12 \times \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= 3 \times 3$$

$$= 9$$

9 students have brown.

3) Find the length of rope required to fence a kitchen garden whose length is 4 m and breadth 2 m?

Solve - Here, Length = 4 m

Breadth = 2 m

Perimeter of a rectangle = $2(L + B)$

$$= 2(4 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m})$$

$$= 2 \times 6 \text{ m}$$

$$= 12 \text{ m}$$

The length of rope required to fence a kitchen is 12m.

4) Find out length wire needed to put a boundary around a square park. One side of the park is 55 m?

Solve -Here, Side of a square park is = 55 m.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Perimeter of a square} &= 4 \times \text{side} \\ &= 4 \times 55 \text{ m} \\ &= 220 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

The total 220 m wire is needed to put a boundary.

5) A blanket 5 m long and 3 m broad is to be stitched with red ribbon around the edge. How much ribbon is needed?

Solve - Here, Length = 5 m

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Breadth} &= 3 \text{ m} \\ \text{Perimeter of rectangle blanket} &= 2(l + b) \\ &= 2(5 \text{ m} + 3 \text{ m}) \\ &= 2 \times 8 \text{ m} \\ &= 16 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

16 m ribbon is needed to stitch the blanket edges.

6) Find the area of rectangular garden. The garden is 70 m long and 50 m wide.

Solve - Here, Length = 70 m

Breadth = 50 m

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of rectangular garden} &= l \times b \\ &= 70 \text{ m} \times 50 \text{ m} \\ &= 3500 \text{ sq.m}\end{aligned}$$

Total area of rectangular garden is 3500 sq. m.

7) There are 18 packets of Rakhi. Each packet has 6 Rakhi's in it. How many total Rakhis are altogether?

Solve - No. of packets of rakhi = 18
No. of rakhi's in one packet = 6

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total rakhis in all} &= 18 \times 6 \\ &= 108\end{aligned}$$

Total 108 rakhis are altogether in boxes.

8) There are 10 packets of sugar. Saurabh paid 11 rupees for one packet. How much money he need to pay for 10 packets of Sugar?

Solve - No. of packets of sugar = 10
Cost of one packet = Rs 11
Total cost of 10 packets of sugar = 10×11
= Rs 110

Total 110 rupees need to pay for 10 packets of Sugar.

9) Manu purchased 5 kg 300 g of a packet of rice and 4 kg 200 g of a packet of wheat flour. How much is the total weight of both the packets?

Solve: Weight of rice = 5kg 300g

Weight of wheat flour = 4kg 200g

Total weight of both the packets = 5kg 300g + 4kg 200g

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{kg} \qquad \text{g} \\ 5 \qquad 300 \\ + 4 \qquad 200 \\ \hline 9 \qquad 500 \end{array}$$

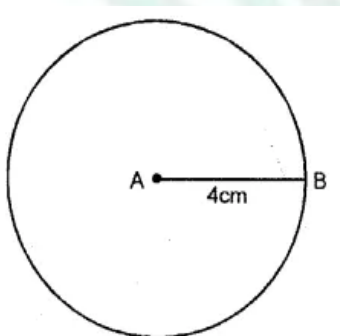
Total weight of both the packets is 9 kg 500g.

10) Out of 36 people in a line for ice cream, one-quarter want vanilla. How many people want vanilla Ice - cream? (Hw)

11) Rita bought 25 kg 630g of cherries. From that she used 22 kg 700g of cherries. How much cherries left with her? (Hw)

Q10. Using rounder draw a circle of the given radius -

a) 4 cm



- b) 3 cm
- c) 5.5 cm
- d) 4.5 cm
- e) 2.5 cm

- f) 5 cm
- g) 2 cm
- h) 3.5 cm
- i) 1.5 cm