



**SUMMATIVE ASSIGNMENT -II 2022-23**

**Grade – 3**

**Subject -English**

**Syllabus – UNIT-6,7,8,9,10 FROM TEXTBOOK**

**Section A- [ Reading Section]**

**Q-1. Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow:-**

The classes were held in the open air, in the shade of the trees. The children talked about what they had seen, heard or read; and the teachers listened and answered the questions that the children asked. They taught their young pupils about nature and people around them; about great men and women and what they had done for their brothers and sisters. The older children learnt literature, history, science and mathematics which were taught in an interesting manner.

a) Where were the classes?

**Ans. The classes were held in the open air.**

b) What did the children talk?

**Ans. The children talked about what they had seen, heard or read.**

c) What the young pupils were taught?

**Ans. The young pupils were taught about nature and people around them.**

d) What the other children learn?

**Ans. The other children learnt literature, history, science and mathematics.**

e) Pick out the words from the passage that are Antonyms of:

i) Close - open

ii) Younger – older

iii) Men – Women

**f) Write the rhyming words:**

i) Seen – Mean, Queen

**Q-2. Read the following passage and answer the questions below:-**

“Almost everything about elephants is big. They are the largest animals that live on land. There are two kinds of elephants, the Indian elephant and the African elephants. A male, African elephant can weigh upto six thousand kilos. Elephants can be up to four meters tall. Elephants need to live in very large areas because they eat and drink so much. Every day, elephants spend about 16 hours eating. They eat up to 200 kilos of food. They can drink over 25 litres of water. Elephants have very big, very thin ears. Elephants use their ears to cool themselves down.”

a) How many kinds of elephants are there?

**Ans. There are two kinds of elephants.**

b) Why elephants need to live in large areas?

**Ans. Because they eat and drink so much.**

c) How much water does an elephant drink?

**Ans. Elephants can drink over 25 litres of water.**

d) What do elephants do to cool themselves?

**Ans. Elephants use their ears to cool themselves down.**

e) Write True or False –

i) A male, African elephant can weigh up to six thousand kilos . [T/F]

ii) Elephant is the largest animal that live on land. [T/F]

f) Write the opposites:

i) Big – **Small**

ii) Fat – **Thin**

g) Write the rhyming words:

i) Drink – **Blink, Sink.**

ii) Spend – **Lend, Bend.**

**Q-3. Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given below:-**

Day by day I float my paper boats  
One by one down the running stream.  
In big block letters I write my name  
On them and the name of the village.  
I hope that someone in some strange Land  
will find them and know who I am load  
my little boats with Sun flowers From our  
garden and I hope  
That these blooms of the dawn will  
Be carried safely to land in the night.

a) Where does the poet float his paper boats?

**Ans. The poet floats his paper boats down the stream.**

b) What does he write on the paper boats?

**Ans. He writes his name on the paper boats.**

c) What does he put into his boats?

**Ans. He put Sunflowers into his boats.**

d) Where does the poet get the flowers from?

**Ans. The poet gets the flowers from garden.**

e) **Fill in the blanks:-**

i) From our **garden** and I **hope**.

ii) Day by Day I **float** my paper boats.

f) **Write the antonyms of –**

i) little – **Big**

ii) Find – **lose**

iii) safe – **unsafe**

**Q-4. Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given below:-**

I like the woods In Autumn  
When dry leaves hide the ground,  
When the trees are bare,  
And the wind sweeps by  
With a lonesome rushing sound  
I can rustle the leaves In Autumn  
And I can make a bed With the  
thick dry leaves that has fallen  
from the bare trees overhead

**James S. Tippet**

a) In which season does the girl like the Woods?

**Ans. The girl likes the woods in Autumn.**

b) With what is the ground hidden?

**Ans. Dry leaves are hidden in the ground.**

c) With what can she make a bed?

**Ans. She can make a bed with thick dry leaves.**

d) Name the poet of the above poem'

**Ans. James S. Tippet is the poet of the above poem.**

e) **Fill in the blanks: –**

i) The thick **dry** leaves that has fallen.

ii) And I can make a **bed**.

iii) I can rustle the leaves in **autumn**.

## **Section B [ Writing Section]**

### **Q-5. . Write an Essay on Our National Flag:-**

1. Every country has its own national flag.
2. We also have our own national flag.
3. It looks very beautiful.
4. Our flag has three colours. They are saffron, white and deep green.
5. The saffron is at the top, the white is in the middle and the green is at the bottom.
6. There is a chakra in the center of the flag. It is called 'Ashoka Chakra'.
7. The saffron is the symbol of courage and sacrifice, white is the symbol of truth and peace and the green stands for faith, energy and courtesy.
8. 'Ashoka Chakra' is the symbol of progress and growth.
9. We hoist our national flag on 15th August the Independence Day & 26th January the Republic Day.
10. Our Prime Minister and President salute our flag. The national anthem is sung.

### **Q-6. Write an Essay on Summer Vacation: -**

1. In a student's life, summer vacation is one of the happiest periods.
2. The students finally get to rest a little from their daily school works.
3. Usually, it starts from the third week of May and lasts till the last day of June.
4. After final exams, students get to relax from studies and also get a time out during the sticky-hot weather.
5. As many students cannot focus on tasks after the final exams, summer break allows them to rest.
6. Students can regain their health and relax so that they are prepared for further studies.
7. The powerful heat of the summer season is one of the main reasons for the summer vacation.
8. Due to the boiling summer heat, many students might fall sick, so summer break is necessary for humid places.
9. Students get a chance to complete their school project works, increase their general knowledge, and visit new places during summer break.
10. Students can study the subjects they are weak in during summer vacation.

### **Q-7. Write a letter to your Principal to grant you two days leave as you are not well:-**

To

The Principal,

Puna International School Zundal.

**Subject- Leave application.**

Respected Madam,

This is to inform you that I am \_\_\_\_\_ from class III, I will not be able to come to school for next two days as I am suffering from fever.

I would be thankful if you kindly grant me leave for two days. Thanking you

Yours sincerely/faithfully/obediently

\*Your Name\*

Date - \_\_\_/\_\_\_/\_\_\_

## **Section C- [ Grammar Section]**

### **Q-8. Choose the suitable conjunction and fill in the blank:**

- a) Zebras have black \_\_\_\_\_ white stripes in their body. (but/ **and**)
- b) Aman has all her things \_\_\_\_\_ she is not doing her work. (**Still** / and)
- c) Do you know his address \_\_\_\_\_ telephone number? (**or** / because)
- d) He promised to study hard \_\_\_\_\_ he broke his promise. (if / **but**)
- e) I was going outside \_\_\_\_\_ he stopped me. (**but** / then)

### **Q-9. Join the following sentences using suitable conjunctions (and, but, because, so, though)**

- a) I wrote to him. He did not reply.

**Ans. I wrote to him but he did not reply.**

- b) The child had fever. The father took her to the doctor.

**Ans. The child had fever so the father took her to the doctor.**

- c) Ram can understand Hindi. He cannot speak the language.

**Ans. Ram can understand Hindi but he cannot speak the language.**

- d) Shiv is still sleeping. He has a holiday today.

**Ans. Shiv is still sleeping because he has a holiday today.**

- e) Gopal went to work. It was not a working day.

**Ans. Gopal went to work though it was not a working day.**

### **Q-10. Underline the preposition in the given sentences:-**

- a) My father is **at** office now.
- b) Put the plates **on** the table.
- c) There are many books **in** the library.
- d) Where is Robin? He is not **at** his desk.
- e) We play Football **on** Saturdays.
- f) There is lovely picture **on** the wall.
- g) My mother put the jacket **in** the cupboard.
- h) Mother is **in** the kitchen.

### **Q-11. Rewrite the sentences using proper punctuations (capital letter, full stop and comma).**

- a) kamala invited us for a meal

**Ans. Kamala invited us for a meal.**

- b) i ate toast omelette fruits and bread for breakfast

**Ans. I ate toast, omelette, fruits and bread for breakfast.**

- c) how often do you go for library

**Ans. How often do you go for library?**

**Q-12. Rewrite the following using apostrophe correctly:-**

|                              |                      |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. the name of the girl      | The girl's name      |
| 2. the machine of the tailor | The tailor's machine |
| 3. the shop of the baker     | The baker's shop     |
| 4. the voice of Lata         | Lata's voice         |
| 5. the purse of the lady     | Lady's purse         |
| 6. the song of mynah         | Mynah's song         |
| 7. the cries of monkey       | Monkey's cry         |
| 8. the pen of the boy        | Boy's pen            |
| 9. the card of the visitor   | Visitor's card       |
| 10. the father of the child  | Child's father       |

**Q-13. Write what kind of sentences these are:-**

- |  |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|
| a) Mr. Kumar teaches us science.             | <b>Declarative Sentence</b>   |
| b) Please give me his telephone number.      | <b>Imperative Sentence</b>    |
| c) When did you meet him?                    | <b>Interrogative Sentence</b> |
| d) How boring this game is!                  | <b>Exclamatory Sentence</b>   |
| e) Many rivers flow from the Himalayas.      | <b>Declarative Sentence</b>   |
| f) Is he a popular artist?                   | <b>Interrogative Sentence</b> |
| g) Switch off your mobile phone.             | <b>Imperative Sentence</b>    |
| h) How sweet of you to remember my birthday! | <b>Exclamatory Sentence</b>   |
| i) Please lend me your bicycle today.        | <b>Imperative Sentence</b>    |
| j) There are many fruits in the basket.      | <b>Declarative Sentence</b>   |

**Q-14. Change these sentences into negative sentences:-**

- a) I am a student.  
**Ans. I am not a student.**
- b) My mother is at home now.  
**Ans. My mother is not at home now.**
- c) Sheela and Neela are sisters.  
**Ans. Sheela and Neela are not sisters.**
- d) The players in our team are tired.  
**Ans. The players in our team are not tired.**
- e) We have finished the test.  
**Ans. We have not finished the test.**

**Q-15. Change these sentences into affirmative sentences:-**

a) All of us will not pass the test.

**Ans. All of us will pass the test.**

b) Mom is not reading now.

**Ans. Mom is reading now.**

c) I am not making the beds.

**Ans. I am making the beds.**

d) My friend can not speak English well.

**Ans. My friend can speak English well.**

e) They are not cutting trees.

**Ans. They are cutting trees.**

**Q-16. Write a suitable predicate to complete each sentence:-**

a) The sun **rises in the east.**

b) The boys **stood on the bench.**

c) The plane **has landed.**

d) My parents **are planning a holiday.**

e) The school **has a big playground.**

**Section D- [ Literature Section ]**

**Q-17. Word meanings: -**

- a) Precious -Of great value
- b) Passenger -A traveller on a public or private conveyance
- c) Loads -A heavy or bulky thing that is being carried
- d) Dusk -time of sunset
- e) Dawn -time of sunrise
- f) Mail -letter and parcel
- g) Asleep-resting, Napping
- h) Chatter-chat, talk, gossip
- i) Quiet-silent, no noise
- j) Wake up-get up, arise
- k) Hay-grass which is used as fodder
- l) Roll-turn round and round
- m) Fine-of high quality
- n) Village-a small community in each rural area
- o) Hills-an area higher than surrounding land
- p) Bread-a food made of flour
- q) Bellowed-shout, roar
- r) Twitched-jerk, flutter
- s) Pounced-jump on
- t) Grunt-make a low sound
- u) Glistened-shine, sparkle
- v) Pheasant-A large long-tailed bird
- w) Fowl-A domestic cock or hen

**Q-18. Answer the following questions : –**

1) Who does the postman bring letters for?

Ans: **The postman brings two or three letters for the child's mother or father.**

2) What did the mother tiger hunt when the sky was dark?

Ans: **When the sky was dark, the mother tiger hunted for deer and pigs.**

3) What does the baby do with the pebble?

Ans: **The baby thinks that the pebbles are real food and she even tries to put them into her mouth.**

4) What does the baby do with the book?

Ans: **The baby tears the pages of the book with her hands and roars with joy at nothing.**

5) When does the baby laugh?

Ans: **The baby laughs and thinks it great fun when her brother scolds her.**

6) Who are 'they' and 'them' in the poem?

Ans: **In the poem, 'they' and 'them' refers to the parents of the child and other grown-up people.**

7) What is the secret the speaker is hiding?

Ans: **The speaker is hiding that he is actually a giant from inside.**

8) What did the man say to Meena?

Ans: **The man inquired to Meena why she was carrying the load of a small boy on her back.**

9) For how many weeks can a camel store food in its hump?

Ans: **A camel can store food for two weeks in its hump.**

10) What does the camel eat in the desert?

Ans: **A camel usually eats thorny bushes in the desert.**

11) What is the secret the speaker is hiding?

Ans: **The speaker is hiding that he is actually a giant from inside.**

12) Think of three things that 'they' won't let you do?

**Ans: Given below are the three things that 'they' won't let you do:**

**a) They won't allow me to use electrical appliances.**

**b) They won't allow me to go shopping in the market alone**

**c) They won't allow me to drive a car or ride a scooter.**

13) What are the things you'd like to do when you are grown-up that you can't do now?

**Ans: I would like to drive a car, handle electronic devices, go on solo trips, go to shopping alone, etc.**

14) Does the child ever get a letter?

**Ans: No, the child never gets a letter.**

15) How does a squirrel leap?

Ans: **The squirrel leaps from limb to limb.**

16) What does a worm do ?

**Ans: A worm wriggles all around.**

17) What can seals do?

**Ans: Seals can dive and swim.**



**Q-19. Write the antonyms of:-**

- |                          |                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. king X queen          | 6. Inside X outside |
| 2. Lots X little         | 7. Give X take      |
| 3. Show X hide           | 8. Bright X dull    |
| 4. Bigger X smaller      | 9. Smile X cry      |
| 5. Great X small, little | 10. Loud X quiet    |

**Q-20. Write the synonyms of:-**

- |                        |                                 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Close- near         | 6. Bright- shine                |
| 2. Dawn- morning       | 7. Grunt- murmuring, muttering. |
| 3. Loud- noisy         | 8. Hide- secret                 |
| 4. Foolish-silly       | 9. Stones-pebbles               |
| 5. Mischievous-naughty | 10. Fetch-bring                 |



