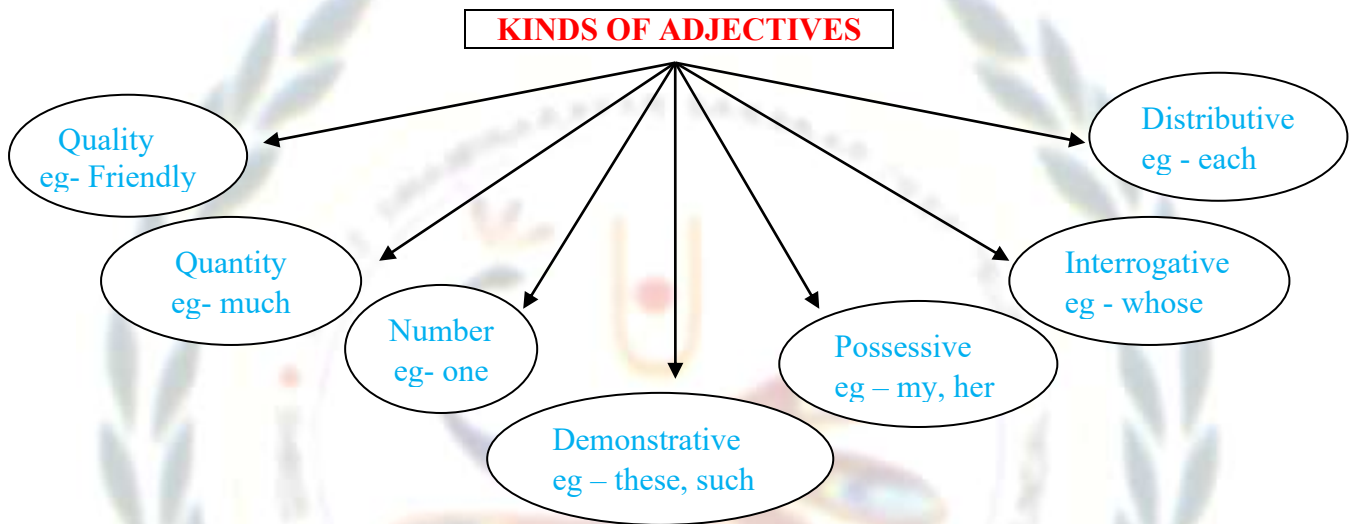




## GRADE – 6 (GRAMMAR GEAR)

### CHAPTER 2. ADJECTIVES

- **Adjectives :** Words that describe or modify a noun or pronoun are called adjectives.  
Eg – Creative children have great ideas.



#### A. ADD SUITABLE ADJECTIVES TO COMPLETE THESE SENTENCES.

1. The tomato soup tastes good.
2. The flowers smell lovely.
3. The glass is transparent.
4. The tunnel was short and well-lit.
5. The car drove up a steep path.
6. The grass is denser here though it is not green.
7. Coloured hair makes her look older.
8. I do not like solid medicines.
9. Earthworms are harmless creatures that one usually sees in the rainy season.
10. Fast trains need to have powerful brakes.

#### B. IDENTIFY THE KIND OF EACH UNDERLINED ADJECTIVES.

- |   |               |
|---|---------------|
| 1. Watching a football was <u>wonderful</u> experience.                             | Quality       |
| 2. The stadium had only <u>70</u> spectators.                                       | Number        |
| 3. I had never seen <u>such</u> a crowd.  | Demonstrative |
| 4. The <u>whole</u> stadium looked so festive.                                      | Quantity      |
| 5. Both teams seemed <u>confident</u> of winning.                                   | Quality       |
| 6. <u>Each</u> team had 15 players.   | Distributive  |
| 7. All the players had <u>many</u> fans.  | Quantity      |
| 8. The people of the winning team cheered <u>their</u> team loudly.                 | Possessive    |
| 9. I was <u>disappointed</u> because my country lost the match.                     | Quality       |
| 10. <u>Which</u> team would you have supported – the home team or the visiting one? | Interrogative |

**C. COMPLETE THESE SENTENCES WITH THE KINDS OF ADJECTIVES MENTIONED IN BRACKETS.**

1. Hema made a **lame** excuse. (quality)
2. **12** months make a year. (number)
3. **Those** villas are for sale. (demonstrative)
4. She has **little** love for animals. (quantity)
5. **Each** shirt was ironed and packed. (distributive)
6. **Which** chapter are you reading? (interrogative)
7. I like **his** handwriting. (possessive)
8. We will be travelling with them in **their** car. (possessive)
9. There is **enough** work to keep you all busy. (quantity)
10. **Empty** vessels make most noise. (quality)

**D. COMPLETE THESE SENTENCES USING THE CORRECT DEGREES OF COMPARISON OF THE WORDS GIVEN IN BRACKETS. DO NOT FORGET TO USE THAN OR THE, AS APPROPRIATE.**

1. My shoe size is **bigger than** yours. (big)
2. Hot air is **lighter than** cold air. (light)
3. The air in the hills is **the freshest** of all. (fresh)
4. A stream is **narrower than** a river. (narrow)
5. Goldilocks found the baby bear's bed **the softest** of all. (soft)
6. K2 is **the highest** peak in India. (high)
7. Sachin Tendulkar is one of **the best** batsmen in the world. (good)
8. We find playing chess **more enjoyable than** watching TV. (enjoyable)
9. A sleeping bag will be **more useful than** just a mat. (useful)
10. Villas are **the costliest** among houses. (costly)

**E. COMPLETE THESE RIDDLES USING THE CORRECT DEGREE OF COMPARISON OF THE ADJECTIVES IN BRACKETS.**

1. What gets **wetter** as it dries? (wet)
2. What is the **easiest** way to double your money? (easy)
3. What gets **sharper** the more you use it? (sharp)
4. What starts tall but gets **shorter** the longer it stands? (short)
5. Which is **heavier** – a pound of bricks or a pound of feathers? (heavy)
6. What is as light as air, yet the **strongest** man cannot hold it for more than five minutes? (strong)
7. Which moves **faster** – hot air or cold air? (fast)
8. Which is the **biggest** letter that contains the most water in the world? (big)
9. What is **the longest** word in the dictionary? (long)
10. What is **more colourful** (colourful) than black but still **the least colourful** thing in the world?(colourful)