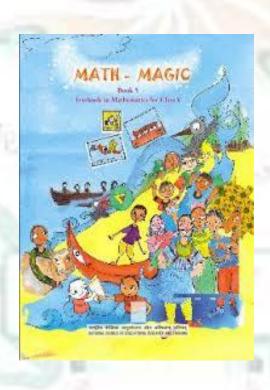


) ਪੁ⊍ਗਾ International School

Shree Swaminarayan Gurukul, Zundal

<u>Class - V</u> <u>Mathematics</u>

Study materials

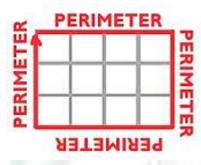


Ch-11 Area and it's boundary

Summary:

- Introduction.
- Find the perimeter (by figure)
- Fill in the blanks
- Find the missing length (with help of perimeter)
- Word problem
- Activity

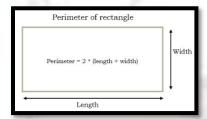
❖ Introduction:



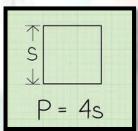


- Define:
- **Perimeter:** The total length of all the line segments of a closed figure is called its perimeter.
 - Perimeter of rectangle= 2(length + breadth)

$$=2(1+b)$$

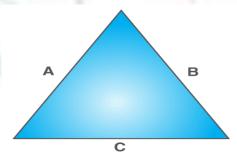


• Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{length} = 4 \times \text{l}$

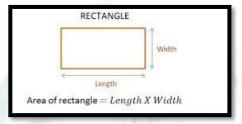


- Perimeter of triangle = sum of three sides.
- If the triangle is an equilateral (A triangle whose all sides are of equal in length).

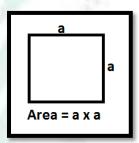
formula: 3 × sides



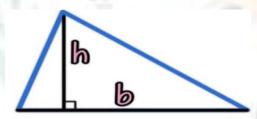
- > Area: The region enclosed between boundaries of a figure.
 - $\bullet \quad \text{Area of rectangle} = Length \times Breadth$



• Area of square = $length \times Length$

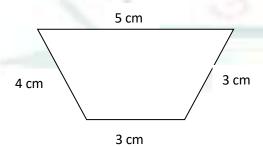


• Area of a triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{height} \times \text{base}$.

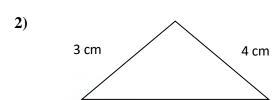


Find the perimeter irregular figure:

1)

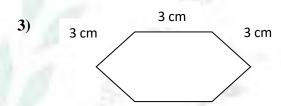


5 cm + 4 cm+ 3 cm + 3 cm = **15 cm**



6 cm

3 cm + 4 cm + 6 cm = **13 cm**



3 cm + 3 cm = 18 cm

2 cm

2 cm

1 cm

1 cm

5 cm + 2 cm + 1 cm + 1 cm + 3 cm + 3 cm + 1 cm

= 18 cm

3 cm

3 cm

Fill in the blanks:

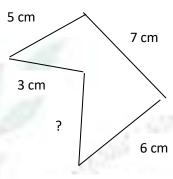
- The distance around a square field can be calculated using formula
 4 × length
- 2) Area is region enclosed between the boundaries of a figure.
- 3) Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} \times \underline{\mathbf{height}} \times \underline{\mathbf{base}}$

1 cm

- 4) The measurement of length and breadth is needed to calculate the area of a <u>rectangle</u>.
- 5) A rectangle plot is 25 m \times 15 m in dimensions. The total wire needed to fence around it is 80 m.

Find the missing length (with help of perimeter):

1)



Perimeter = 25 cm

Solution:

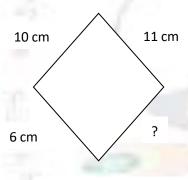
$$5 \text{ cm} + 7 \text{ cm} + 6 \text{ cm} + 3 \text{ cm} + x = 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$21 \text{ cm} + x = 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$X = 25 - 21$$

$$X = 4 \text{ cm}$$

2)



Perimeter = 32 cm

Solution:

$$10 \text{ cm} + 11 \text{ cm} + 6 \text{ cm} + x = 32 \text{ cm}$$

$$27 \text{ cm} + x = 32 \text{ cm}$$

$$X = 32 \text{ cm} - 27 \text{ cm}$$

$$X = 5 \text{ cm}$$

Word problems:

1) The area of rectangle is 225 sq m. If the width of it rectangle is 9 m. what is the length of a rectangle?

Solution: here, area of rectangle = 225 sqm

Width
$$= 9 \text{ m}$$

Length = area of rectangle

Width

$$=\frac{225}{9}$$

$$= 25 \text{ m}$$

Length = 25 m

2) The area of rectangle is 84 sq m. If the length of it rectangle is 12 m. what is the width of a rectangle?

Solution: here, area of rectangle = 84 sq m
Length = 12 m
Width =?

Width = area of rectangle

Length
$$= \frac{84}{12}$$

$$= 7 \text{ m}$$

Width = 7 m

3) The area of rectangle is 375 sq m. If the length of it rectangle is 15 m. what is the width of a rectangle?

Solution: here, area of rectangle = 375 Length = 15 m

Width =?

Width =
$$\frac{\text{area of rectangle}}{\text{Length}}$$

= $\frac{375}{15}$
= 25 m

Width = 25 m

Activity:

• Find the area of postcard, stamps and belt.

