



Purnima International School

Shree Swaminarayan Gurukul, Zundal

Student Name					
Date	16/07/2020	Grade	XII SCIENCE	Roll No.	
Subject	Mathematics	Marks	50	Teacher's Sign	

PERIODIC ASSESSMENT – I [2020-21]

Section – A

(Each question in this section carry 1 marks)

[06]

- 1 Find the principal value of $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$.
- 2 Check the continuity of the function f given by $f(x) = 2x + 3$ at $x = 1$.
- 3 Find the rate of change of the area of a circle per second with respect to its radius r when $r = 5$ cm.
- 4 Examine whether the function f given by $f(x) = x^2$ is continuous at $x = 0$.

Find the values of a , b , c , and d from the following equation:

$$5 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2a+b & a-2b \\ 5c-d & 4c+3d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 11 & 24 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 6 Show that $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) = 2 \cos^{-1} x, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq 1$

Section – B

(Each question in this section carry 3 marks)

[24]

A stone is dropped into a quiet lake and waves move in circles at a speed of 4cm per second.

At

- 1 the instant, when the radius of the circular wave is 10 cm, how fast is the enclosed area increasing?
- 2 Construct a 3×2 matrix whose elements are given by $a_{ij} = \frac{1}{2}|i-3j|$.
- 3 Find the derivative of the function given by $f(x) = \sin(x^2)$.
- 4 Find the value of $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin \frac{3\pi}{5}\right)$
- 5 (i) $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) = 2 \sin^{-1} x, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
(ii) $\sin^{-1}\left(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\right) = 2 \cos^{-1} x, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq 1$

6 Prove that the identity function on real numbers given by $f(x) = x$ is continuous at every real number.

7 Find X and Y , if $X + Y = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ and $X - Y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

8 Prove that $\tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} \frac{2x}{1-x^2} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x-x^3}{1-3x^2} \right)$, $|x| < \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$



Section – C

(Each question in this section carry 4 marks)

[20]

1 If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then show that $A^3 - 23A - 40I = O$

The length x of a rectangle is decreasing at the rate of 3 cm/minute and the width y is increasing at the rate of

2 2cm/minute. When $x = 10\text{cm}$ and $y = 6\text{cm}$, find the rates of change of (a) the perimeter and (b) the area of the rectangle.

3 Show that $\sin^{-1} \frac{12}{13} + \cos^{-1} \frac{4}{5} + \tan^{-1} \frac{63}{16} = \pi$

4 Differentiate $\sqrt{\frac{(x-3)(x^2+4)}{3x^2+4x+5}}$ w.r.t. x .

5 Solve $\tan^{-1} 2x + \tan^{-1} 3x = \frac{\pi}{4}$
