



ASSIGNMENT P A 3

Class –7

CH – 7 and 8

Sub: MATHS

Multiple Choice Questions:

[1 MARK QUESTION]

Chap 7

- Number of element of a triangle is
a. 6 b.5 c. 4 d. 3
- Two figures are said to be congruent, if they have exactly the same
a. Area b. Perimeter c. **Shape and size** d. length and width
- Two Triangles are congruent, if two angles and the side included between them in one of the triangle are equal to the two angle and the side included them of the Other triangle. This is known as the
a.RHS congruence criterion c. **ASA congruence criterion**
c. SAS congruence criterion d. AAA congruence criterion
- By which of the following criterion, the two triangle cannot be proved congruent?
a. **AAA rule** b. SSS rule c. SAS rule d. ASA rule
- Which congruence Criterion do you use in the following?
a. ASA rule b. SSS rule c. RHS rule d. **All**

Chap 8

- Which of the following is the ratio of 3 kilometres to 300 metre?
a. **10:1** b. 1:10 c. 100:1 d. 1:100
- If $5 : x = 3 : 4$, then what will be the value of x?
a. $3/20$ b. $15/4$ c. **$20/3$** d. $4/15$
- The ratio of Fatima's income to her saving is 4:1. The percentage of money saved by her is
a. **20 %** b. 25% c.40% d. 80%
- The interest on 30000 for 3 years at the rate of 15% per annum is.
a. Rs 4500 b. Rs 9000 c. Rs 18000 d. **Rs 13500**
- The sum which will earn a simple interest of rupees 126 in 2 years at 14% per annum is
a. Rs 161.28 b. **Rs 450** c. Rs 500 d. None

Fill the blank:

[1 MARK QUESTION]

Chap - 7

- Two line segments are congruent, if _____
Answer: they have same length
- Among two congruent angles, one has a measure of 70° , the measure of the Other angle is _____
Answer: 70°
- When we write $\angle A = \angle B$, we actually means _____
Answer: $m\angle A = m\angle B$
- Two squares are congruent, they have same _____

Answer: length

5. Two triangles are said to be congruent, if pair of corresponding side and the corresponding _____ are equal.

Answer: angle

Chap – 8

1. $18\frac{3}{4}\%$ = _____

Answer: 3:16

2. 30% of 300 is= _____

Answer: 90

3. A _____ with its denominator 100 is called a percent.

Answer: fraction

4. 15 kg is _____ percent of 50 kg.

Answer: 30%

5. In a class of 50 students, 8% were absent on one day. The number of students present on that day was _____

Answer: 46

Tell whether the statement is true or false:

[1 MARK QUESTION]

Chap - 7

1. If two Triangles are equal in area, when they will be congruent F
2. If the hypotenuse of another right angle triangle, then the Triangles are congruent. F
3. If three angles of a triangle are equal to the corresponding angles of another triangle , then the Triangles are congruent T
4. If two legs of a right angle triangle are equal to two legs of another right angle triangle, then the right angled Triangles are congruent. True
5. If two sides and one included angle of a triangle are equal to the two sides and one included angle of another Triangle, then the two Triangles are congruent. True

Chap – 8

1. 65% is equal to $5/3$. .F
2. When an improper fraction is converted into percentage, Then the answer can also be less than 100 .F
3. The interest on rupees 350 at 5% per annum for 73 days is rupees 35 F
4. Out of 600 students of a school, 126 go for a picnic. The percentage of students that did not go for the picnic is 75%. False
5. By selling a book for rupees 50, A shopkeeper suffered a loss of 10%. When the cost price of book is rupees 60. False

Solve: Each carry one mark:

[1 MARK QUESTION]

Chap – 7

1. Give any two real life examples for congruent shapes.

Answer: Same brand soap and candy

2. $\Delta PQR \cong \Delta BCA$. Write the part of ΔBCA that corresponding to $\angle Q$

Answer: $\angle C$

3. What is the side included between the $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ of ΔABC ?

Answer: side AB

4. Which angle is included between the sides DE and EF of ΔDEF ?

Answer: $\angle E$

5. $\Delta PQR \cong \Delta BCA$. Write the part of ΔBCA that corresponding to side QR

Answer: side CA

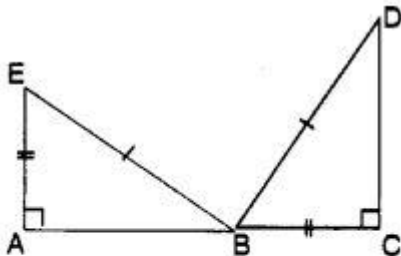
Chap – 8

1. Find ratio of 4 m to 400 cm.
2. Find the ratio of 9 m to 27 cm
3. Convert the given fractional numbers to percents.
(a) $\frac{1}{8}$ (b) $\frac{5}{4}$ (c) $\frac{3}{40}$
4. Find: (a) 15% of 250 (b) 75% of 1 kg (c) 1% of 1 hour
5. Find Loss or profit
(a) a radio bought for Rs 12000 and sold at Rs 13500.

Solve: Each carry two marks

Chap – 7

1. Which congruence criterion do you use in given figure?



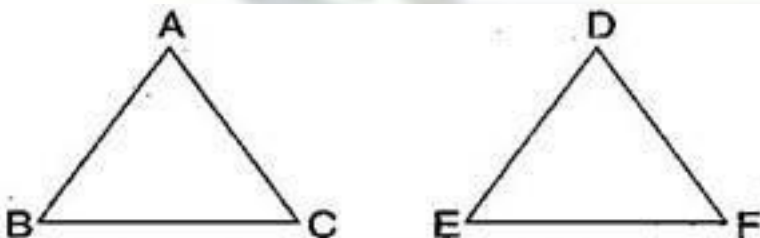
Given: $EB = DB$
 $AE = BC$
 $\angle A = \angle C = 90^\circ$

So, $\triangle ABE \cong \triangle CDB$

2. Which congruence criterion do you use in the following?

(a) Given: $AC = DF, AB = DE, BC = EF$

So $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$



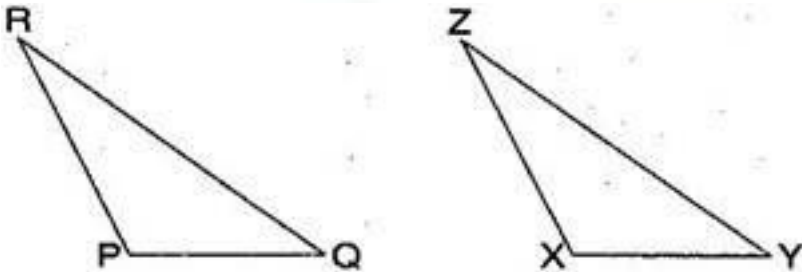
Answer: (a) By SSS congruence criterion, since it is given that $AC = DF, AB = DE, BC = EF$

The three sides of one triangle are equal to the three corresponding sides of another triangle.

Therefore, $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$

(b) Given: $RP = ZX$, $RQ = ZY$, $\angle PRQ = \angle XZY$

So $\triangle PQR \cong \triangle XYZ$



Answer:

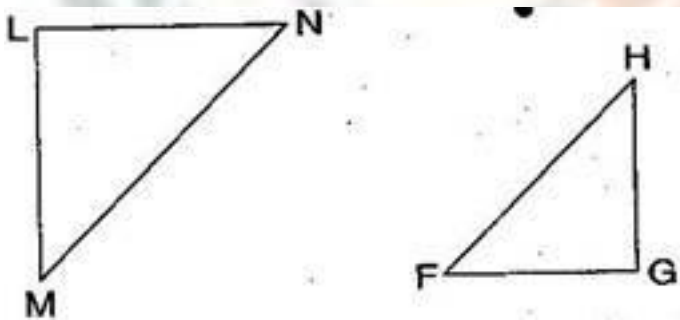
(b) By SAS congruence criterion, since it is given that $RP = ZX$, $RQ = ZY$ and $\angle PRQ = \angle XZY$

The two sides and one angle in one of the triangle are equal to the corresponding sides and the angle of other triangle.

Therefore, $\triangle PQR \cong \triangle XYZ$

(c) Given: $\angle MLN = \angle FGH$, $\angle NML = \angle HFG$, $ML = FG$

So $\triangle LMN \cong \triangle GFH$



Answer: By SAS congruence criterion, since it is given that $RP = ZX$, $RQ = ZY$ and $\angle PRQ = \angle XZY$

The two sides and one angle in one of the triangle are equal to the corresponding sides and the angle of other triangle

Therefore, $\triangle PQR \cong \triangle XYZ$

3 You have to show that $\triangle AMP \cong \triangle AMQ$. In the following proof, supply the missing reasons

Steps**Reasons**

1. $PM = QM$

2. $\angle PMA = \angle QMA$

3. $AM = AM$

4. $\triangle AMP \cong \triangle AMQ$

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

Answer:

Steps	Reasons
1. $PM = QM$	1. Given
2. $\angle PMA = \angle QMA$	2. Given
3. $AM = AM$	3. Common
4. $\triangle AMP \cong \triangle AMQ$	4. SAS congruence rule

CHAP -8

4. Find the whole quantity if:

(a) 5% of it is 600

(b) 12% of it is Rs. 1080

(c) 40% of it is 500 km

(d) 70% of it is 14 minutes

(e) 8% of it is 40 liters

Answer: Let the whole quantity be x in given questions:

(a) 5% of $x = 600$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{100} \times x = 600$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{600 \times 100}{5} = 12,000$$

(b) 12% of x = Rs. 1080

$$\Rightarrow \frac{12}{100} \times x = 1080$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1080 \times 100}{12} = \text{Rs. } 9,000$$

(c) 40% of x = 500 km

$$\Rightarrow \frac{40}{100} \times x = 500$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{500 \times 100}{40} = 1,250 \text{ km}$$

(d) 70% of x = 14 minutes

$$\Rightarrow \frac{70}{100} \times x = 14$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{14 \times 100}{70} = 20 \text{ minutes}$$

(e) 8% of x = 40 liters

$$\Rightarrow \frac{8}{100} \times x = 40$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{40 \times 100}{8} = 500 \text{ liters}$$

5. Find the amount to be paid at the end of 3 years in each case:

(a) Principal = Rs. 1,200 at 12% p.a.

(b) Principal = Rs. 7,500 at 5% p.a.

Answer: (a) Here, Principal (P) = Rs. 1,200, Rate (R) = 12% p.a., Time (T) = 3 years

$$\text{Simple Interest} = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100} = \frac{1200 \times 12 \times 3}{100} = \text{Rs. } 432$$

Now, Amount = Principal + Simple Interest = 1200 + 432 = Rs. 1,632

(b) Here, Principal (P) = Rs. 7,500, Rate (R) = 5% p.a., Time (T) = 3 years

$$\text{Simple Interest} = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100} = \frac{7500 \times 5 \times 3}{100} = \text{Rs. } 1,125$$

Now, Amount = Principal + Simple Interest = 7,500 + 1,125 = Rs. 8,625

Solve: Each carry three marks

1. The population of a city decreased from 25,000 to 24,500. Find the percentage decrease.

Answer: The population of a city decreased from 25,000 to 24,500.

Population decreased = 25,000 – 24,500 = 500

$$\text{Decreased Percentage} = \frac{\text{Population decreased}}{\text{Original population}} \times 100 = \frac{500}{25000} \times 100 = 2\%$$

Hence, the percentage decreased is 2%.

2. Arun bought a car for Rs. 3,50,000. The next year, the price went up to Rs. 3,70,000. What was the percentage of price increase?

Answer: Increased in price of a car from Rs. 3,50,000 to Rs. 3,70,000.

Amount change = Rs. 3,70,000 – Rs. 3,50,000 = Rs. 20,000.

$$\text{Therefore, Increased percentage} = \frac{\text{Amount of change}}{\text{Original amount}} \times 100 = \frac{20000}{350000} \times 100 = 5\frac{5}{7}\%$$

Hence, the percentage of price increased is $5\frac{5}{7}\%$.

3. Tell what is the profit or loss in the following transactions. Also find profit percent or loss percent in each case.

(a) Gardening shears bought for Rs. 250 and sold for Rs. 325.

(b) A refrigerator bought for Rs. 12,000 and sold for Rs. 13,500.

(c) A cupboard bought for Rs. 2,500 and sold for Rs. 3,000.

(d) A skirt bought for Rs. 250 and sold for Rs. 150.

Answer: (a) Cost price of gardening shears = Rs. 250

Selling price of gardening shears = Rs. 325

Since, S.P. > C.P., therefore here is profit.

$$\therefore \text{Profit} = \text{S.P.} - \text{C.P.} = 325 - 250 = \text{Rs. } 75$$

$$\text{Now Profit\%} = \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{C.P.}} \times 100 = \frac{75}{250} \times 100 = 30\%$$

Therefore,

$$\text{Profit} = \text{Rs. } 75 \text{ and Profit\%} = 30\%$$

(b) Cost price of refrigerator = Rs. 12,000

Selling price of refrigerator = Rs. 13,500

Since, S.P. > C.P., therefore here is profit.

$$\therefore \text{Profit} = \text{S.P.} - \text{C.P.} = 13500 - 12000 = \text{Rs. } 1,500$$

$$\text{Now Profit\%} = \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{C.P.}} \times 100 = \frac{1500}{12000} \times 100 = 12.5\%$$

Therefore, Profit = Rs. 1,500 and Profit% = 12.5%

(c) Cost price of cupboard = Rs. 2,500

Selling price of cupboard = Rs. 3,000

Since, S.P. > C.P., therefore here is profit.

$$\therefore \text{Profit} = \text{S.P.} - \text{C.P.} = 3,000 - 2,500 = \text{Rs. } 500$$

$$\text{Now Profit\%} = \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{C.P.}} \times 100 = \frac{500}{2500} \times 100 = 20\%$$

Therefore, Profit = Rs. 500 and Profit% = 20%

(b) Cost price of skirt = Rs. 250

Selling price of skirt = Rs. 150

Since, C.P. > S.P., therefore here is loss.

$$\therefore \text{Loss} = \text{C.P.} - \text{S.P.} = 250 - 150 = \text{Rs. } 100$$

$$\text{Now Loss\%} = \frac{\text{Loss}}{\text{C.P.}} \times 100 = \frac{100}{250} \times 100 = 40\%$$

Therefore, Profit = Rs. 100 and Profit% = 40%

4. (i) Chalk contains Calcium, Carbon and Oxygen in the ratio 10 : 3 : 12. Find the

percentage of Carbon in chalk.

(ii) If in a stick of chalk, Carbon is 3 g, what is the weight of the chalk stick?

Answer: (i) Given ratio = 10 : 3 : 12

Total part = 10 + 3 + 12 = 25

Part of Carbon = $\frac{3}{25}$

Percentage of Carbon part in chalk = $\frac{3}{25} \times 100 = 12\%$

(ii) Quantity of Carbon in chalk stick = 3 g

Let

the weight of chalk be x g.

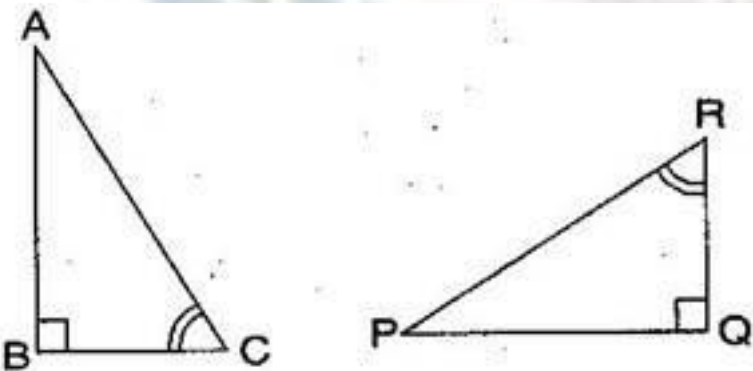
Then, 12% of $x = 3$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{12}{100} \times x = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{3 \times 100}{12} = 25 \text{ g}$$

Hence, the weight of chalk stick is 25 g.

5. If $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$ are to be congruent, name one additional pair of corresponding parts. What criterion did you use?



Answer: $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$ are congruent. Then one additional pair is $\overline{BC} = \overline{QR}$.

Given: $\angle B = \angle Q = 90^\circ$

$$\angle C = \angle R$$

$$\overline{BC} = \overline{QR}$$

Therefore, $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$ [By ASA congruence rule]

PAPER FORMATE

SECTION - A

- (i) Choose correct option [1 x 6 = 6]
(ii) Fill the blank [1 x 5 = 5]
(iii) Tell whether the statement is true or false: [1 X 3 = 3]
(IV) Solve: Each carry one marks [1X 4 = 4]

SECTION - B

Solve: Each carry two marks (Any four) [2 X 2= 4]

SECTION -C

Solve: Each carry three marks (Any one) [3 X 1 = 3]