



CLASS-6 SUB- MATHS

Introducing 1,00,000

Which is the greatest 5-digit number?

Adding 1 to the greatest 5-digit number, should give the smallest 6-digit number : 99,999 + 1 = 1,00,000

This number is named one lakh. One lakh comes next to 99,999.

 $10 \times 10,000 = 1,00,000$

We may now write 6-digit numbers in the expanded form as

 $2,46,853 = 2 \times 1,00,000 + 4 \times 10,000 + 6 \times 1,000 + 8 \times 100 + 5 \times 10 + 3 \times 100$

This number has 3 at ones place, 5 at tens place, 8 at hundreds place, 6 at thousands place, 4 at ten thousands place and 2 at lakh place. Its number name is two lakh forty six thousand eight hundred fifty three.

MATHEMATICS

1.2.6 Larger numbers

If we add one more to the greatest 6-digit number we get the smallest 7-digit number. It is called ten lakh.

Write down the greatest 6-digit number and the smallest 7-digit number. Write the greatest 7-digit number and the smallest 8-digit number. The smallest 8-digit number is called one crore.

Complete the pattern :

9 + 1 = 10

- 99 + 1 = 100
- 999 + 1 = _____

9,999 + 1 = _____

99,999 + 1 = _____

9,99,999 + 1 = _____

99,99,999 + 1 = 1,00,00,000

UNIT OF LENGTH

Bigger unit to Smaller unit -----> Multiply

Smaller unit to Bigger unit -----> Divide

Example:

1 foot > 1 inch

Foot to Inch -----> Multiply by 12

Inch to Foot -----> Divide by 12

1m= 100 cm

2m= 200 cm

100 cm = 1 m

200 cm = 1/100 x200= 2m

LENGTH	
Metric	Customary
1 kilometer = 1000 meters	1 mile = 1760 yards
1 meter = 100 centimeters	1 mile = 5280 feet
1 centimeter = 10 millimeters	1 yard = 3 feet
	1 foot = 12 inches

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UNIT OF QUANTITIES



- 1 gram=1000 milligrams
- 1 litre = 1000 millilitres

UNIT OF DISTANCE

