

CLASS-XII
SUBJECT – COMPUTER SCIENCE (083)

PRACTICAL FILE SOLUTION

PRACTICAL NO.	OBJECTIVE & SOLUTION
1.	Write a program in python to check a number whether it is prime or not.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> num=int(input("Enter the number: ")) for i in range(2,num): if num%i==0: print(num, "is not prime number") break; else: print(num,"is prime number") </pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre> Enter the number: 13 13 is prime number </pre>
2.	Write a program to check a number whether it is palindrome or not.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> num=int(input("Enter a number : ")) n=num res=0 </pre>
	<pre> while num>0: rem=num%10 res=rem+res*10 num=num//10 if res==n: print("Number is Palindrome") else: print("Number is not Palindrome") </pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre> Enter a number : 6556 Number is Palindrome </pre>
3.	Write a program to calculate compound interest.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> p=float(input("Enter the principal amount : ")) r=float(input("Enter the rate of interest : ")) t=float(input("Enter the time in years : ")) x=(1+r/100)**t CI= p*x-p print("Compound interest is : ", round(CI,2)) </pre>

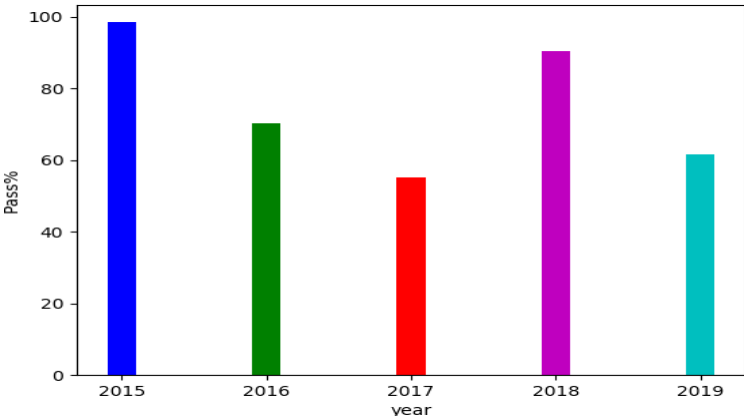
OUTPUT:	<pre>Enter the principal amount : 5000 Enter the rate of interest : 4 Enter the time in years : 2 Compound interest is : 408.0</pre>
4.	<p>Write a program to display ASCII code of a character and vice versa.</p>
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>var=True while var: choice=int(input("Press-1 to find the ordinal value of a character \nPress-2 to find a character of a value\n")) if choice==1: ch=input("Enter a character : ") print(ord(ch)) elif choice==2: val=int(input("Enter an integer value: ")) print(chr(val)) else: print("You entered wrong choice") print("Do you want to continue? Y/N") option=input() if option=='y' or option=='Y': var=True else: var=False</pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre>Press-1 to find the ordinal value of a character Press-2 to find a character of a value 1 Enter a character : a 97 Do you want to continue? Y/N Y Press-1 to find the ordinal value of a character Press-2 to find a character of a value 2 Enter an integer value: 65 A Do you want to continue? Y/N</pre>
5.	<p>Write a program to input a character and to print whether a given character is an alphabet, digit or any other character.</p>
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>ch=input("Enter a character: ") if ch.isalpha(): print(ch, "is an alphabet") elif ch.isdigit(): print(ch, "is a digit") elif ch.isalnum(): print(ch, "is alphabet and numeric")</pre>

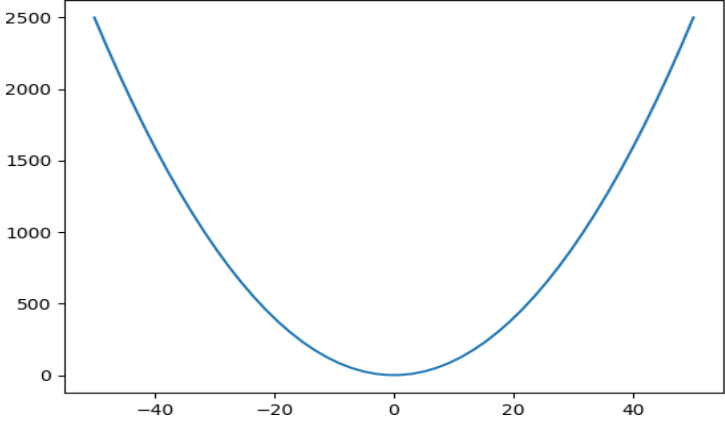
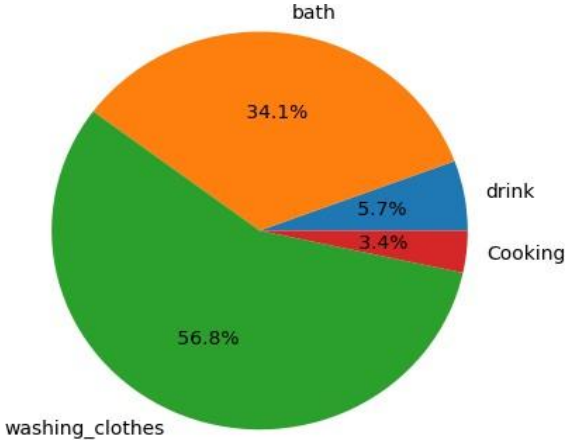
	<pre>else: print(ch, "is a special symbol")</pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre>Enter a character: 7 7 is a digit Enter a character: P P is an alphabet</pre>
6.	Write a program to calculate the factorial of an integer using recursion.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>def factorial(n): if n == 1: return n else: return n*factorial(n-1) num=int(input("enter the number: ")) if num < 0: print("Sorry, factorial does not exist for negative numbers") elif num == 0: print("The factorial of 0 is 1") else: print("The factorial of ",num," is ", factorial(num))</pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre>enter the number: 5 The factorial of 5 is 120</pre>
7.	Write a program to print fibonacci series using recursion.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>def fibonacci(n): if n<=1: return n else: return(fibonacci(n-1)+fibonacci(n-2)) num=int(input("How many terms you want to display: ")) for i in range(num): print(fibonacci(i)," ", end=" ")</pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre>How many terms you want to display: 8 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13</pre>
8.	Write a program for binary search.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>def Binary_Search(sequence, item, LB, UB): if LB>UB: return -5 # return any negative value mid=int((LB+UB)/2) if item==sequence[mid]: return mid elif item<sequence[mid]: UB=mid-1 return Binary_Search(sequence, item, LB, UB) else:</pre>

	<pre> LB=mid+1 return Binary_Search(sequence, item, LB, UB) L=eval(input("Enter the elements in sorted order: ")) n=len(L) element=int(input("Enter the element that you want to search :")) found=Binary_Search(L,element,0,n-1) if found>=0: print(element, "Found at the index : ",found) else: print("Element not present in the list") </pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre> Enter the elements in sorted order: 12,23,35,46,58,69,75,88,99 Enter the element that you want to search :69 69 Found at the index : 5 </pre>
9.	Write a recursive python program to test if a string is palindrome or not.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> def isStringPalindrome(str): if len(str)<=1: return True else: if str[0]==str[-1]: return isStringPalindrome(str[1:-1]) else: return False </pre>
	<pre> #__main__ s=input("Enter the string : ") y=isStringPalindrome(s) if y==True: print("String is Palindrome") else: print("String is Not Palindrome") </pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre> Enter the string : madam String is Palindrome </pre>
10.	Write a program to count the number of vowels present in a text file.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> fin=open("D:\\python programs\\Book.txt",'r') str=fin.read() count=0 for i in str: if i=='a' or i=='e' or i=='i' or i=='o' or i=='u': count=count+1 print(count) </pre>
OUTPUT:	9

11.	Write a program to write those lines which have the character 'p' from one text file to another text file.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> fin=open("E:\\book.txt","r") fout=open("E:\\story.txt","a") s=fin.readlines() for j in s: if 'p' in j: fout.write(j) fin.close() fout.close() </pre>
OUTPUT:	**Write contents of book.txt and story.txt
12.	Write a program to count number of words in a file.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> fin=open("D:\\python programs\\Book.txt",'r') str=fin.read() L=str.split() count_words=0 for i in L: count_words=count_words+1 print(count_words) </pre>
OUTPUT:	16
13.	Write a python function sin(x,n) to calculate the value of sin(x) using its taylor series expansion up to n terms.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> import math def fact(k): if k<=1: return 1 else: return k*fact(k-1) step=int(input("How many terms : ")) x=int(input("Enter the value of x :")) sum=0 for i in range(step+1): sum+=(math.pow(-1,i)*math.pow(x,2*i+1))/fact(2*i+1) print("The result of sin", '(, x,)', "is :", sum) </pre>
OUTPUT:	How many terms : 5 Enter the value of x :2 The result of sin (2) is : 0.9092961359628027

14.	Write a program to generate random numbers between 1 to 6 and check whether a user won a lottery or not.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>import random n=random.randint(1,6) guess=int(input("Enter a number between 1 to 6 :")) if n==guess: print("Congratulations, You won the lottery ") else: print("Sorry, Try again, The lucky number was : ", n)</pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre>Enter a number between 1 to 6 : 4 Sorry, Try again, The lucky number was : 1</pre>
15.	Write a program to create a library in python and import it in a program.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>#Rect.py class Rectangle: def __init__(self): print("Rectangle") def Area(self, length, width): self.l=length self.w=width print("Area of Rectangle is : ", self.l*self.w)</pre>
	<pre>#Sq.py class Square: def __init__(self): print("Square") def Area(self, side): self.a=side print("Area of square is : ", self.a*self.a) #Tri.py class Triangle: def __init__(self): print("Trinagle") def Area(self, base, height): self.b=base self.h=height ar= (1/2)*self.b*self.h print("Area of Triangle is : ", ar) #main.py</pre>

	<pre> from Shape import Rect from Shape import Sq from Shape import Tri r=Rect.Rectangle() #Create an object r for Rectangle class r.Area(10,20) # Call the module Area() of Rectangle class by passing argument s=Sq.Square() #Create an object s for Square class s.Area(10) # Call the module Area() of Square class by passing argument t=Tri.Triangle() #Create an object t for Triangle class t.Area(6,8) # Call the module Area() of Triangle class by passing argument </pre>												
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	<pre> Rectangle Area of Rectangle is : 200 Square Area of square is : 100 Trinagle Area of Triangle is : 24.0 </pre>												
<p>16.</p>	<p>Write a program to plot a bar chart in python to display the result of a school for five consecutive years.</p>												
<p>SOURCE CODE:</p>	<pre> import matplotlib.pyplot as pl year=['2015','2016','2017','2018','2019'] # list of years p=[98.50,70.25,55.20,90.5,61.50] #list of pass percentage j=['b','g','r','m','c'] # color code of bar charts pl.bar(year, p, width=0.2, color=j) # bar() function to create the bar chart pl.xlabel("year") # label for x-axis pl.ylabel("Pass%") # label for y-axis pl.show() # function to display bar chart </pre>												
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Pass%</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2015</td> <td>98.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2016</td> <td>70.25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2017</td> <td>55.20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2018</td> <td>90.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2019</td> <td>61.50</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Pass%	2015	98.50	2016	70.25	2017	55.20	2018	90.50	2019	61.50
Year	Pass%												
2015	98.50												
2016	70.25												
2017	55.20												
2018	90.50												
2019	61.50												
<p>17.</p>	<p>Write a program in python to plot a graph for the function $y = x^2$</p>												

SOURCE CODE:	<pre>import matplotlib.pyplot as pl import numpy as np x= np.linspace(-50,50); y= x**2 pl.plot(x,y,linestyle='-') pl.show()</pre>
OUTPUT:	
18.	<p>Write a program in python to plot a pie chart on consumption of water in daily life.</p>
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>import matplotlib.pyplot as pl consumption=[5,30,50,3]</pre>
	<pre>pl.pie(consumption, labels=['drink','bath','washing_clothes','Cooking'], autopct= '%1.1f%% ') pl.show()</pre>
OUTPUT:	
19.	<p>Write a program for linear search.</p>
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>L=eval(input("Enter the elements: ")) n=len(L) item=eval(input("Enter the element that you want to search : ")) for i in range(n):</pre>

	<pre> if L[i]==item: print("Element found at the position :", i+1) break else: print("Element not Found") </pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre> Enter the elements: 23,67,44,99,65,33,78,12 Enter the element that you want to search : 33 Element found at the position : 6 </pre>
20.	Write a program for bubble sort.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> L=eval(input("Enter the elements:")) n=len(L) for p in range(0,n-1): for i in range(0,n-1): if L[i]>L[i+1]: t=L[i] L[i]=L[i+1] L[i+1]=t print("The sorted list is : ", L) </pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre> Enter the elements:[67,13,89,34,65,8,74,19] The sorted list is : [8, 13, 19, 34, 65, 67, 74, 89] </pre>
21.	Write a menu based program to perform the operation on stack in python.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> class Stack: def __init__(self): self.items = [] def isEmpty(self): # Checks whether the stack is empty or not return self.items == [] def push(self, item): #Insert an element self.items.append(item) def pop(self): # Delete an element return self.items.pop() def peek(self): #Check the value of top return self.items[len(self.items)-1] def size(self): # Size of the stack i.e. total no. of elements in stack return len(self.items) s = Stack() print("MENU BASED STACK") cd=True </pre>

	<pre> while cd: print(" 1. Push ") print(" 2. Pop ") print(" 3. Display ") print(" 4. Size of Stack ") print(" 5. Value at Top ") choice=int(input("Enter your choice (1-5) : ")) if choice==1: val=input("Enter the element: ") s.push(val) elif choice==2: if s.items==[]: print("Stack is empty") else: print("Deleted element is :", s.pop()) elif choice==3: print(s.items) elif choice==4: print("Size of the stack is :", s.size()) elif choice==5: print("Value of top element is :", s.peek()) </pre>
	<pre> else: print("You enetered wrong choice ") print("Do you want to continue? Y/N") option=input() if option=='y' or option=='Y': var=True else: var=False </pre>
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	<pre> MENU BASED STACK 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Size of Stack 5. Value at Top Enter your choice (1-5) : 1 Enter the element: 45 Do you want to continue? Y/N y 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display </pre>

	<p>4. Size of Stack 5. Value at Top Enter your choice (1-5) : 3 ['45'] Do you want to continue? Y/N y 1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Size of Stack 5. Value at Top</p>
22.	<p>Write a menu based program to perform the operation on queue in python.</p>
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>class Queue: def __init__(Q): Q.items = [] def isEmpty(Q): # Checks whether the queue is empty or not return Q.items == [] def Enqueue(Q, item): #Insert an element Q.items.append(item) if len(Q.items)==1: front=rear=0</pre>
	<pre> else: rear=len(Q.items) def Dequeue(Q): # Delete an element return Q.items.pop(0) def peek(Q): #Check the value of rear return Q.items[len(Q.items)-1] def size(Q): # Size of the queue i.e. total no. of elements in queue return len(Q.items) q = Queue() print("MENU BASED QUEUE") cd=True while cd: print(" 1. ENQUEUE ") print(" 2. DEQUEUE ") print(" 3. Display ") print(" 4. Size of Queue ") print(" 5. Value at rear ")</pre>

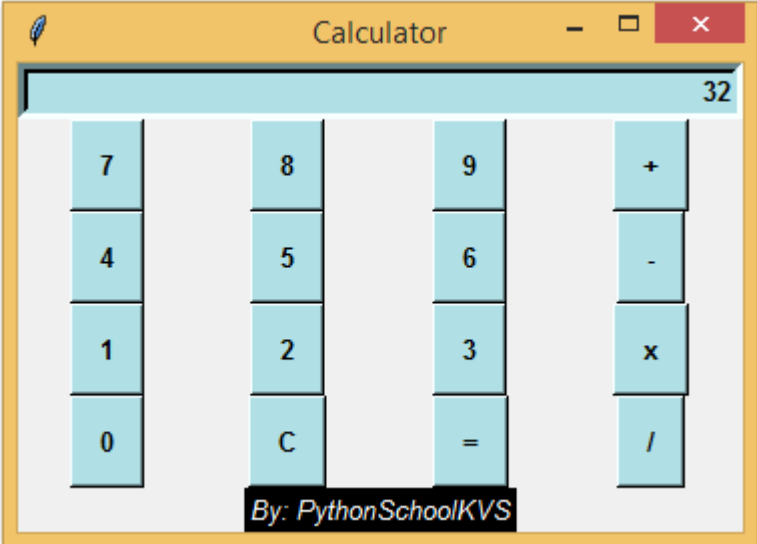
	<pre> choice=int(input("Enter your choice (1-5) : ")) if choice==1: val=input("Enter the element: ") q.Enqueue(val) elif choice==2: if q.items==[]: print("Queue is empty") else: print("Deleted element is :", q.Dequeue()) elif choice==3: print(q.items) elif choice==4: print("Size of the queue is :", q.size()) elif choice==5: print("Value of rear element is :", q.peak()) else: print("You enetered wrong choice ") print("Do you want to continue? Y/N") option=input() if option=='y' or option=='Y': cd=True </pre>
	<pre> else: cd=False </pre>
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	<pre> MENU BASED QUEUE 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. Display 4. Size of Queue 5. Value at rear Enter your choice (1-5) : 1 Enter the element: 10 Do you want to continue? Y/N y 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. Display 4. Size of Queue 5. Value at rear Enter your choice (1-5) : 1 Enter the element: 45 Do you want to continue? Y/N y 1. ENQUEUE </pre>

	<p>2. DEQUEUE 3. Display 4. Size of Queue 5. Value at rear Enter your choice (1-5) : 3 ['10', '45'] Do you want to continue? Y/N y 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. Display 4. Size of Queue 5. Value at rear Enter your choice (1-5) : 2 Deleted element is : 10 Do you want to continue? Y/N</p>
23.	Write a menu based program for circular queue.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre>class CircularQueue: def __init__(CQ): #Constructor CQ.queue = [None]*7 # Create a list with None values with the size 7 CQ.front = 0 CQ.rear = 0 CQ.maxSize = 7 def C_enqueue(CQ,data): #Adding elements to the queue CQ.queue[CQ.rear]=data CQ.rear = (CQ.rear + 1) % CQ.maxSize def C_dequeue(CQ): #Removing elements from the queue CQ.queue.pop(CQ.front) CQ.front = (CQ.front + 1) % CQ.maxSize q = CircularQueue() print("MENU BASED CIRCULAR QUEUE") cd=True while cd: print("1. ENQUEUE")</pre>

	<pre> print("2. DEQUEUE") print("3. DISPLAY ") print("4. Front Position ") print("5. Rear Position ") choice=int(input("Enter your choice (1-5) : ")) if choice==1: val=input("Enter the element: ") q.C_enqueue(val) elif choice==2: q.C_dequeue() elif choice==3: print(q.queue) elif choice==4: print("Front element position :", q.front) elif choice==5: print("Rear element position : ", q.rear) </pre>
	<pre> else: print("You entered invalid choice: ") print("Do you want to continue? Y/N") option=input() if option=='y' or option=='Y': cd=True else: cd=False </pre>
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	<pre> MENU BASED CIRCULAR QUEUE 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY 4. Front Position 5. Rear Position Enter your choice (1-5) : 1 Enter the element: 56 Do you want to continue? Y/N y 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE </pre>

	<p>3. DISPLAY 4. Front Position 5. Rear Position Enter your choice (1-5) : 1 Enter the element: 87 Do you want to continue? Y/N y 1. ENQUEUE 2. DEQUEUE 3. DISPLAY 4. Front Position 5. Rear Position Enter your choice (1-5) : 3 ['56', '87', None, None, None, None, None] Do you want to continue? Y/N</p>
24.	Create a graphical calculator using tkinter library.
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> from tkinter import * def btnClick(number): global operator operator=operator+str(number) strvar.set(operator) def btnClear(): global operator operator="" strvar.set(operator) def result(): global operator res=str(eval(operator)) strvar.set(res) root=Tk() root.title("Calculator") operator="" strvar=StringVar() ent=Entry(root,width=50,bd=5,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powder blue",textvariable=strvar,justify="right").grid(columnspan=4) btn7=Button(root,text="7",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(7)).grid(row=1,column=0) </pre>

	<pre> btn8=Button(root,text="8",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(8)).grid(row=1,column=1) btn9=Button(root,text="9",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(9)).grid(row=1,column=2) btnPlus=Button(root,text="+",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="po wder blue",command=lambda:btnClick('+')).grid(row=1,column=3) btn4=Button(root,text="4",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(4)).grid(row=2,column=0) btn5=Button(root,text="5",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(5)).grid(row=2,column=1) btn6=Button(root,text="6",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(6)).grid(row=2,column=2) btnMinus=Button(root,text="- ",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powder blue",command=lambda:btnClick('-')).grid(row=2,column=3) btn1=Button(root,text="1",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(1)).grid(row=3,column=0) btn2=Button(root,text="2",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(2)).grid(row=3,column=1) </pre>
	<pre> btn3=Button(root,text="3",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(3)).grid(row=3,column=2) btnMulti=Button(root,text="x",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="p owder blue",command=lambda:btnClick('*')).grid(row=3,column=3) btn0=Button(root,text="0",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="powd er blue",command=lambda:btnClick(0)).grid(row=4,column=0) btnClear=Button(root,text="C",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="p owder blue",command=btnClear).grid(row=4,column=1) btnEqual=Button(root,text="=",command=result,padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial', 10,"bold"),bg="powder blue").grid(row=4,column=2) btnDivide=Button(root,text="/",padx=10,pady=10,font=('arial',10,"bold"),bg="p owder blue",command=lambda:btnClick('/')).grid(row=4,column=3) Label(root,text="By: PythonSchoolKVS",font=('arial',10,'italic'),fg='white',bg='black').grid(row=5,co lumnspan=4) root.mainloop() </pre>

<p>OUTPUT:</p>	
<p>25.</p>	<p>Write a program to open a webpage using urllib library.</p>
<p>SOURCE CODE:</p>	<pre>import urllib.request data = urllib.request.urlopen('https://pythonschoolkvs.wordpress.com/') print(data.read())</pre>
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	<p>squeezed text (364 lines).</p>
<p>26.</p>	<p>Write a program to calculate EMI for a loan using numpy.</p>
<p>SOURCE CODE:</p>	<pre>import numpy as np</pre>
	<pre>interest_rate= float(input("Enter the interest rate : ")) monthly_rate = (interest_rate)/ (12*100) years= float(input("Enter the total years : ")) number_month = years * 12 loan_amount= float(input("Enter the loan amount : ")) emi = abs(np.pmt(monthly_rate, number_month, loan_amount)) print("Your EMI will be Rs. ", round(emi, 2))</pre>
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	<pre>Enter the interest rate : 7.5 Enter the total years : 15 Enter the loan amount : 200000 Your EMI will be Rs. 1854.02</pre>
<p>27.</p>	<p>Write a program to find the most common words in a file.</p>
<p>SOURCE CODE:</p>	<pre>import collections fin = open('E:\\email.txt','r') a= fin.read()</pre>

	<pre> d={ } L=a.lower().split() for word in L: word = word.replace(".", "") word = word.replace(", ", "") word = word.replace(":", "") word = word.replace("\", """) word = word.replace("!", "") word = word.replace("&", "") word = word.replace("*", "") for k in L: key=k if key not in d: count=L.count(key) d[key]=count n_print = int(input("How many most common words to print: ")) print("\nOK. The { } most common words are as follows\n".format(n_print)) </pre>
	<pre> word_counter = collections.Counter(d) for word, count in word_counter.most_common(n_print): print(word, ": ", count) fin.close() </pre>
<p>OUTPUT:</p>	<pre> How many most common words to print: 5 OK. The 5 most common words are as follows the : 505 a : 297 is : 247 in : 231 to : 214 </pre>
<p>28.</p>	<p>Write a program to perform read and write operation with .csv file.</p>
<p>SOURCE CODE:</p>	<pre> import csv def readcsv(): with open('C:\\Users\\ViNi\\Downloads\\data.csv', 'rt') as f: data = csv.reader(f) #reader function to generate a reader object </pre>

	<pre> for row in data: print(row) def writecsv(): with open('C:\\Users\\ViNi\\Downloads\\data.csv', mode='a', newline='') as file: writer = csv.writer(file, delimiter=',', quotechar='') #write new record in file writer.writerow(['4', 'Devansh', 'Arts', '404']) print("Press-1 to Read Data and Press-2 to Write data: ") a=int(input()) if a==1: readcsv() elif a==2: writecsv() else: print("Invalid value") </pre>
OUTPUT:	<pre> Press-1 to Read Data and Press-2 to Write data: </pre>
	<pre> 1 ['Roll No.', 'Name of student', 'stream', 'Marks'] ['1', 'Anil', 'Arts', '426'] ['2', 'Sujata', 'Science', '412'] ['3', 'Shivani', 'Commerce', '448'] ['4', 'Devansh', 'Arts', '404'] </pre>
29.	<p>Write a Django based web application and write the data to a csv file.</p>
SOURCE CODE:	<pre> # settings.py INSTALLED_APPS = ['django.contrib.admin', 'django.contrib.auth', 'django.contrib.contenttypes', 'django.contrib.sessions', 'django.contrib.messages', 'django.contrib.staticfiles', 'NATIONALS'] #models.py from django.db import models </pre>

```
class PLAYER(models.Model):
    pid = models.CharField(max_length=10)
    pname = models.CharField(max_length=50)
    dob = models.CharField(max_length=20)
    gender = models.CharField(max_length=10)
    game = models.CharField(max_length=30)
    region = models.CharField(max_length=35)
    class Meta:
        db_table = 'player'
```

```
#forms.py
from django import forms
from NATIONALS.models import PLAYER
class PLAYERFORM (forms.ModelForm):
    class Meta:
        model = PLAYER
        fields = "__all__"
```

```
#style.css
table, th, td {
    border: 1px solid black;
```

```
}

div {
    font-weight:bold;
}

from django.shortcuts import render, redirect
from NATIONALS.forms import PLAYERFORM
from NATIONALS.models import PLAYER

# Create your views here.
def ply(request):
    if request.method == "POST":
        form = PLAYERFORM(request.POST)
        if form.is_valid( ):
            try:
                form.save( )
                return redirect('/show')
            except:
                pass
    else:
        form = PLAYERFORM( )
```

```
return render(request, "index.html", {'form': form})

def show(request):
    players = PLAYER.objects.all()
    return render(request, "show.html", {'players': players})

def edit(request, id):
    player = PLAYER.objects.get(id=id)
    return render(request, "edit.html", {'player': player})

def update(request, id):
    player = PLAYER.objects.get(id=id)
    form = PLAYERFORM(request.POST, instance=player)
    if form.is_valid():
        form.save()
        return redirect('/show')
    return render(request, "edit.html", {'player': player})

def delete (request, id):
    player = PLAYER.objects.get(id=id)
    player.delete()
    return redirect('/show')
```

```
#index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Index Page</title>
    {% load staticfiles %}
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="{% static '/style.css' %}" />
</head>
<body>
<center><strong><u><h1>PLAYER DATA</h1></u></strong></center>
<center>

<form method = "POST" class = "post-form" action="/ply">
    {% csrf_token %}
    <div class="container">
        <br>
        <div class = "form-group row">
            <label class="col-sm-1 col-form-label"></label>
            <div class="col-sm-4">
                <h3>Enter Details</h3>
            </div>
```



```
        <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit</button>
    </div>
</div>
</div>

</form></center>
</body>
</html>
```

```
#show.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Show Player Details</title>
    {% load staticfiles %}
    <link rel = "stylesheet " href="{% static '/style.css' %}" />
</head>
<body>
<center><strong><u><h1>PLAYER DETAILS</h1></u></strong></center>
<center>
<table class="table table-striped table-bordered table=80%">
```

```
    <thead class= "thead-dark">
    <tr>
        <th>Player ID</th>
        <th>Player Name</th>
        <th>Date of Birth</th>
        <th>Gender</th>
        <th>Game</th>
        <th>Region</th>
        <th colspan="2">Action</th>
    </tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
    {% for player in players %}
    <tr>
        <td>{{ player.pid }}</td>
        <td>{{ player.pname }}</td>
        <td>{{ player.dob }}</td>
        <td>{{ player.gender }}</td>
        <td>{{ player.game }}</td>
        <td>{{ player.region }}</td>
        <td>
            <a href = "/edit/{{ player.id }}"><span class="glyphicon glyphicon-
pencil">Edit</span> </a>
```



```

</div>
</div>

</div>
</form>
</center>
</body>
</html>

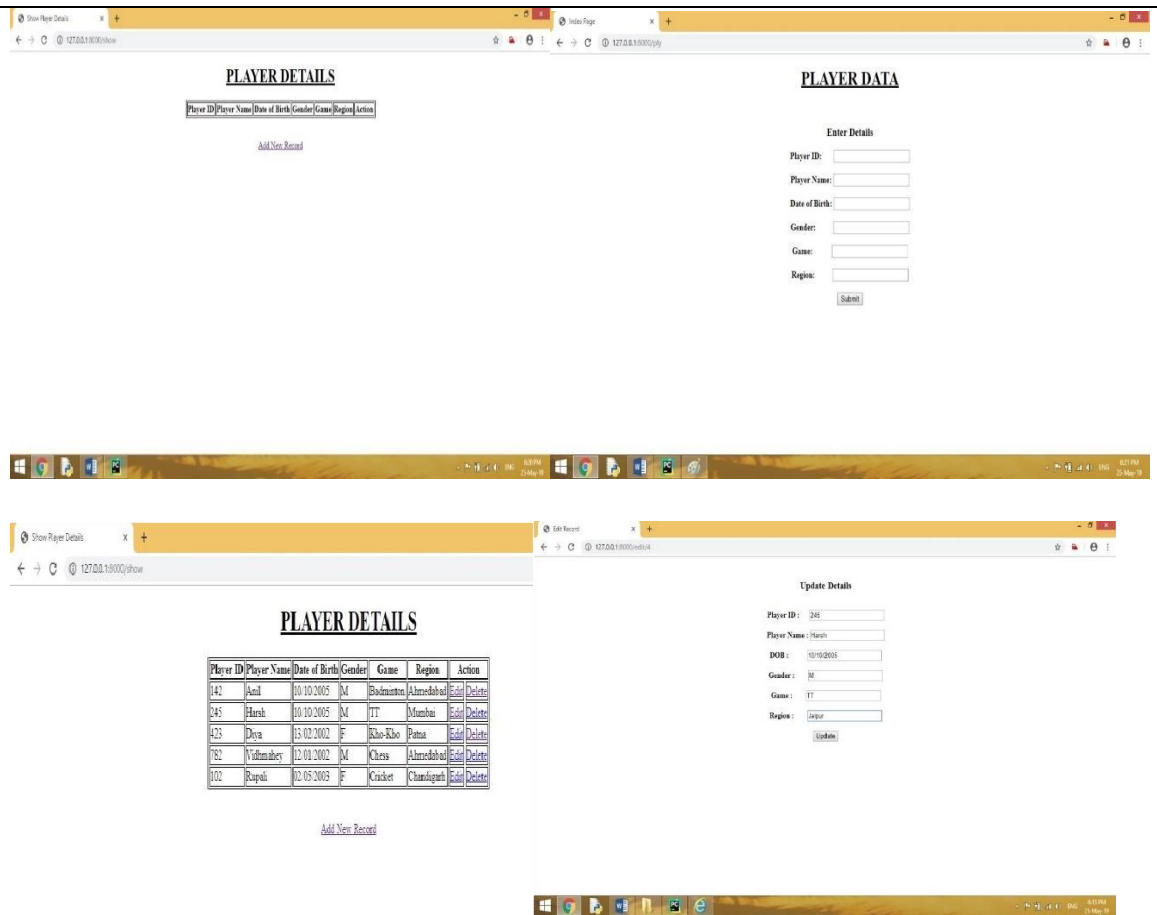
#urls.py
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path
from NATIONALS import views

urlpatterns = [
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
    path('ply', views.ply),
    path('show', views.show),
    path('edit/<int:id>', views.edit),
    path('update/<int:id>', views.update),
    path('delete/<int:id>', views.delete),

```

]

OUTPUT:



30.	Queries using DISTINCT, BETWEEN, IN, LIKE, IS NULL, ORDER BY, GROUP BY, HAVING
A.	Display the name of departments. Each department should be displayed once.
SOLUTION	SELECT DISTINCT(Dept) FROM EMPLOYEE;
B.	Find the name and salary of those employees whose salary is between 35000 and 40000.
SOLUTION	SELECT Ename, salary FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE salary BETWEEN 35000 and 40000;
C.	Find the name of those employees who live in guwahati, surat or jaipur city.
SOLUTION	SELECT Ename, city FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE city IN('Guwahati', 'Surat', 'Jaipur');
D.	Display the name of those employees whose name starts with 'M'.
SOLUTION	SELECT Ename FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Ename LIKE 'M%';
E.	List the name of employees not assigned to any department.
SOLUTION	SELECT Ename FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Dept IS NULL;
F.	Display the list of employees in descending order of employee code.
SOLUTION	SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE ORDER BY ecode DESC;
G.	Find the average salary at each department.
SOLUTION	SELECT Dept, avg(salary) FROM EMPLOYEE group by Dept;
H.	Find maximum salary of each department and display the name of that department which has maximum salary more than 39000.
31.	Queries for Aggregate functions- SUM(), AVG(), MIN(), MAX(), COUNT()
	a. Find the average salary of the employees in employee table. Solution:- SELECT avg(salary)

	<p style="text-align: center;">FROM EMPLOYEE;</p> <p>b. Find the minimum salary of a female employee in EMPLOYEE table. Solution:-</p> <pre>SELECT Ename, min(salary) FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE sex='F';</pre> <p>c. Find the maximum salary of a male employee in EMPLOYEE table. Solution:-</p> <pre>SELECT Ename, max(salary) FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE sex='M';</pre> <p>d. Find the total salary of those employees who work in Guwahati city. Solution:-</p> <pre>SELECT sum(salary) FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE city='Guwahati';</pre> <p>e. Find the number of tuples in the EMPLOYEE relation. Solution:-</p> <pre>SELECT count(*) FROM EMPLOYEE;</pre>
32.	Write a program to connect Python with MySQL using database connectivity and perform the following operations on data in database: Fetch, Update and delete the data.
A.	CREATE A TABLE
SOLUTION	<pre>import mysql.connector demodb = mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost", user="root", passwd="computer", database="EDUCATION") democursor=demodb.cursor() democursor.execute("CREATE TABLE STUDENT (admn_no int primary key, sname varchar(30), gender char(1), DOB date, stream varchar(15), marks float(4,2))")</pre>
B.	INSERT THE DATA
SOLUTION	<pre>import mysql.connector demodb = mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost", user="root", passwd="computer", database="EDUCATION") democursor=demodb.cursor() democursor.execute("insert into student values (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)", (1245, 'Arush', 'M', '2003-10-04', 'science', 67.34)) demodb.commit()</pre>

C.	FETCH THE DATA
SOLUTION	<pre>import mysql.connector demodb = mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost", user="root", passwd="computer", database="EDUCATION") democursor=demodb.cursor() democursor.execute("select * from student") for i in democursor: print(i)</pre>
D.	UPDATE THE RECORD
SOLUTION	<pre>import mysql.connector demodb = mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost", user="root", passwd="computer", database="EDUCATION") democursor=demodb.cursor() democursor.execute("update student set marks=55.68 where admn_no=1356") demodb.commit()</pre>
E.	DELETE THE DATA
SOLUTION	<pre>import mysql.connector demodb = mysql.connector.connect(host="localhost", user="root", passwd="computer", database="EDUCATION") democursor=demodb.cursor() democursor.execute("delete from student where admn_no=1356") demodb.commit()</pre>